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council, tho' there be 2 or 300 of them." The recipients, forming a funnel about their noses and mouths with their hands, snuffed the smoke up "greedily and strongly as long as ever they are able to hold their breath, and seeming to bless themselves, as it were, with the refreshment it gives them."

Wafer's *New Voyage* is of absorbing interest and in its modern form is of added value to the student of ethnology and history. The Introduction (pages 7-24), by George Parker Winship (who also adds many elucidatory notes throughout the volume), is as worthy as one would expect from the author of the now classic *Coronado Expedition*, with which the readers of this journal are most familiar. The publishers have done their full share to produce a book quite in keeping with their well established reputation.

F. W. HODGE.

The Indians of the Painted Desert Region. Hopis, Navahoes, Wallapais, Havasupais. By GEORGE WHARTON JAMES. Boston: Little, Brown, & Co. 1903. 12°, xxi, 268 pp., 65 pl.

The Painted Desert of the author is not the comparatively restricted area in Arizona generally so designated, but the vast region bounded in a general way by southern Utah and Colorado, central New Mexico, eastern California, and the heart of northern Mexico. Of all the Indians of this great arid stretch, however, Mr James does not pretend to treat, confining his attention to the Hopi, Navaho, Walapai, and Havasupai. Of the first two of these tribes much has already been written, especially (for the Hopi) by Fewkes, Dorsey and Voth, Stephen, the Mindeleffs, and Hough, and (for the Navaho) by Matthews, but the interesting Walapai and Havasupai have been almost totally neglected, and on this account especially is *The Indians of the Painted Desert Region* of interest to students of the Southwest and of the aborigines.

The book is of the nature of a personal narrative, and as the author has had long and more or less intimate association with the tribes of which he treats, it contains much that has hitherto been unknown. It is illustrated with sixty-five beautiful half-tone plates from photographs, which lend much to its usefulness and attractiveness. The book is commended to the general reader in search of information on the wonderland of our Southwest and its native inhabitants, and will be found serviceable by the professional student desirous of learning something of two tribes that hitherto have been known little more than by name. A list of more than fifty books and articles pertaining to the subject concludes the volume.

F. W. HODGE.